



BG1100M Direct Spark Ignition Control

Application

The BG1100M is a microprocessor based ignition control. The microprocessor provides reliable software control of all timings and operates a diagnostic Light-Emitting Diode (LED). It is designed for direct burner supervision and can be used with all gases. It provides ignition sequence, flame monitoring, and safety shutoff for direct spark ignition boilers, furnaces and other heating appliances. For a complete listing of specifications, refer to the *Technical Specifications* section.

Installation

IMPORTANT: Only qualified personnel should install or service BASO Gas Products®. These instructions are a guide for such personnel. Carefully follow all instructions for the appliance.

IMPORTANT: Make all gas installations in accordance with applicable local, national, and regional regulations.



WARNING: Risk of Explosion or Fire.

Do not install the control in an area that is exposed to water (for example, dripping, spraying, rain). Do not use the control if it has been exposed to water. Exposure to water may cause malfunction and can lead to an explosion or fire and may result in severe personal injury or death.

IMPORTANT: This control is approved for use with only noise suppression (resistive) spark wires. If the application has copper wire, it must be replaced.

Instructions for installing the burner/igniter-sensor are typically provided by the appliance manufacturer. It is important to follow those instructions. If such information is not included, refer to the *Mounting* section.

Mounting



CAUTION: Risk of Electric Shock.

Disconnect power supply before making electrical connections to avoid electric shock.



WARNING: Risk of Explosion or Fire.

Shut off the gas supply at the main manual shutoff valve before installing or servicing the control. Failure to shut off the gas supply can result in the release of gas during installation or servicing, which can lead to an explosion or fire, and may result in severe personal injury or death.

IMPORTANT: Do not mount the control where it can be exposed to direct infrared radiation from the main burner or to temperatures in excess of the maximum product temperature rating.

Location Considerations

Choose a location that provides the shortest, direct cable route to the spark electrode, pilot burner/igniter-sensor assembly. Easy access to the terminals is desired for wiring and servicing. The control may be mounted in any position. Mount the control on a grounded metal surface with #6 sheet metal or machine screws through the mounting holes provided in the enclosure.

The spark electrode and sensor assembly must be positioned for easy access and securely mounted to the burner to ensure that the assembly remains properly positioned with respect to the burner flame. The burner flame must engulf at least 3/8 in. (9.52 mm) of the flame sensor. If a separate flame sensor is used, keep the sensor wire as short as possible and do not rest it against grounded metal surfaces. Standoff insulators are recommended.

The spark electrode, flame sensor, and BG1100M must share a common ground with the burner to operate correctly. Thermoplastic insulated wire with a minimum rating of 221°F (105°C) is recommended for the ground wire. Ensure that the flame sensor wire and the high voltage spark transformer wire are separated from one another by a minimum distance of 1/4 in. (6.35 mm) and are not wrapped around any pipe, other wiring, or accessory.

Wiring



WARNING: Risk of Explosion or Fire.

Locate all safety, limit, and operating controls in series with the thermostat terminal (TH) on the ignition control. Improper installation may cause gas leaks, which can lead to an explosion or fire and may result in severe personal injury or death.

Refer to Figure 1 and Figure 2 for wiring diagrams. All wiring should be in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) and all other local codes and regulations.

Check the voltage rating marked on the control and make sure it is suited to the application. Use a Class 2 transformer capable of providing 24 VAC under maximum load, including valves. A transformer having excessive primary impedance due to poor coupling affects the ignition potential.

The high-voltage spark transformer cable is noise suppression (resistive) type, rated for at least 15kVA and must not be in continuous contact with a metal surface. Use standoff insulators. Ensure that the flame sensor wire and high voltage spark transformer cable are separated from one another by a minimum of 1/4 in. (6.35 mm) and are not wrapped around any pipe, other wiring, or accessories.

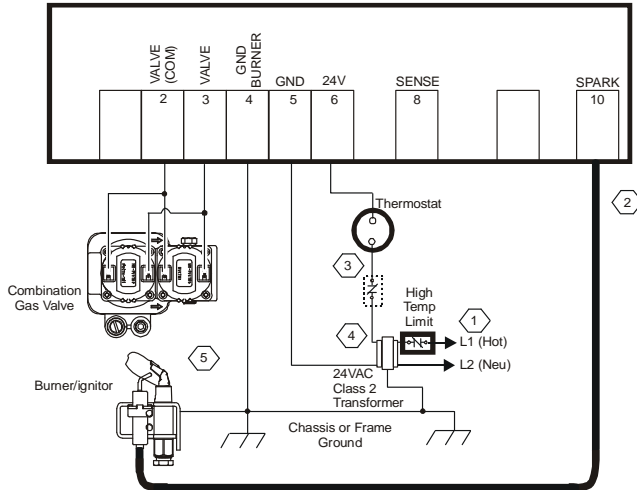


WARNING: Risk of Electric Shock.

Before applying power to the control, connect the high voltage cable to the spark transformer terminal and spark electrode (pilot burner assembly). Verify the ground wire is attached to the pilot burner and the control ground terminal strip. Failure to follow this procedure can cause electric shock and may result in severe personal injury or death.

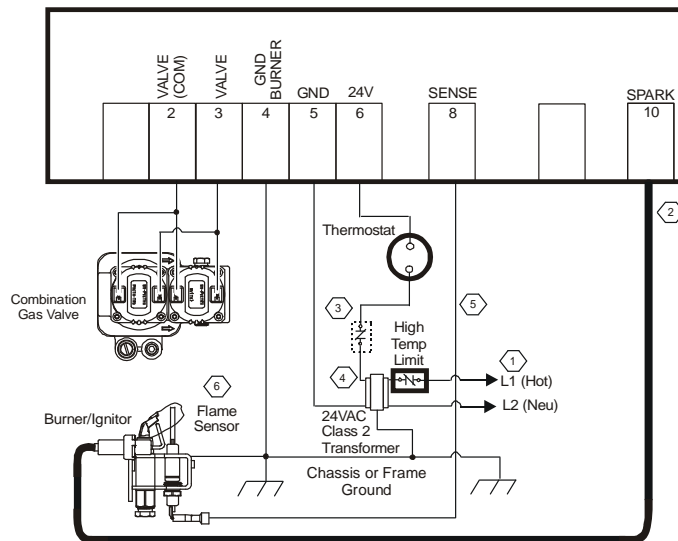
The BG1100M replaces existing direct spark ignition controls with the following specifications:

- single rod (local sense) or dual rod (remote sense) flame sensing
- trials for ignition 1 or 3 trials
- 100% shutoff/lockout with none, 5 or 60 minutes continuous retry
- trial times of infinite, 4, 5, 8, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 50, 60, 85, 90, or 120 seconds
- prepurge period of none, 4, 8, 10, 15, 30, 45, 60 seconds or 4 minutes
- main burner 400,000 Btu/hr maximum
- pilot burners with flow rates of 1,500 Btu/hr or less
- not subjected to temperatures below -40°F (-40°C) or above 170°F (77°C)



- ① Power Supply. Provides disconnect means and overload protection as required.
- ② Maximum cable length 48 inches (1,220 mm). (Resistive wire recommended.)
- ③ Alternate location for limit controller.
- ④ Controls in 24V circuit must not be in ground leg to transformer.
- ⑤ Sensor rod must be 3/8" (9.53 mm) to 1/2" (12.7 mm) of the sensor tip should be in the flame for proper sensing signal.

Figure 1: Wiring for 1 Rod Flame Sense



- ① Power Supply. Provides disconnect means and overload protection as required.
- ② Maximum cable length 48 inches (1,220 mm). (Resistive wire recommended.)
- ③ Alternate location for limit controller.
- ④ Controls in 24V circuit must not be in ground leg to transformer.
- ⑤ Maximum cable length 48 inches (1,220 mm).
- ⑥ Sensor rod must be 3/8" (9.53 mm) to 1/2" (12.7 mm) of the sensor tip should be in the flame for proper sensing signal.

Figure 2: Wiring for 2 Rod Flame Sense

Setup and Adjustments

Checkout



WARNING: Risk of Explosion or Fire. Verify that there are no gas leaks by testing with appropriate equipment. Never use a match or lighter to test for the presence of gas. Failure to test properly can lead to an explosion or fire and may result in severe personal injury or death.

Make sure all components function properly by performing the following test.

1. Before starting the appliance, perform a safety inspection of piping, burners and venting. Check for water leaks, etc. Check all wiring for proper connections. Be sure the system is properly grounded, including ground connection to the pilot burner.
2. With the gas and thermostat off, turn on power to the appliance.
3. Turn the thermostat to a high setting and verify that the control goes through the operating sequence to a shutoff condition.

Note: The burner does not light because the gas is off.

4. Turn off the thermostat.
5. Turn on the gas and purge gas lines of all air.
6. Check for gas leaks on all pipe joints upstream of the gas valve with a soap solution.
7. Turn the thermostat to the highest setting and verify successful ignition and a normal run condition for at least 5 minutes. If the appliance fails to run, see the *Troubleshooting* section.
8. Check for gas leaks on all pipe joints downstream of the gas valve with a soap solution.
9. Turn the thermostat down for at least 30 seconds and then back up again. Verify successful ignition at least five times.
10. Return the thermostat to a normal temperature setting before leaving the installation.



WARNING:
The control module can not be serviced by user. If any faults are detected, the control module must be replaced. If control module has been opened or any attempts to repair are done, the warranty is void.

Operation

Operating Mode Definitions

The following definitions describe the BG1100M operating conditions.

- **Prepurge:** Initial time delay between thermostat contact closure and activation of the spark circuit and valve.
- **Trial for Ignition:** Total time the valve is energized and spark/sense sequence is activated in an attempt to light the pilot. The control attempts to prove flame within the trial-for-ignition time.
- **100% Shutoff:** If the control does not prove the presence of burner flame within the trial for ignition, the spark circuit and valve are de-energized.
- **Recycle:** If 100% shutoff occurs, the control delays for a specific recycle delay period before beginning another trial for ignition (models with recycle only).
- **Run:** Valve is energized and spark turns off after pilot flame is proven. The valve remains energized until the thermostat is satisfied.
- **Flameout:** Loss of proven flame. Should a flameout occur, the valve de-energizes and spark recurs within 2.0 seconds.
- **Lockout:** An internal or external fault has caused the control to de-energize the spark circuit and valve relay. The thermostat contacts must be opened for 30 seconds and then closed to begin another trial for ignition.
- **Inter-Purge:** Period between trials for ignition when both the gas valve and spark are de-activated to allow unburned gas to escape before the next trial.

Sequence of Operation

When a call for heat from the thermostat turns on, after a 1 second maximum diagnostic period, the prepurge period will start. During the prepurge period, the LED will blink 1/2 second "On" and 1/2 second "Off". At the end of the prepurge period the spark will start and the gas valve will turn on starting with the trial for ignition period.

During the trial for ignition period, the control sparks for 4 seconds while rapidly flashing LED. It then turns off the spark and LED for 1 second while checking flame sense. This cycle will repeat until flame is detected or trial time is over.

When flame is detected, the spark will stop, the valve will turn on and the LED will stay on continuously. The control will remain in this state until the flame is lost or the call for heat ends. If flame is lost, LED and valve are turned off for 0.5 seconds and a new trial for ignition sequence will start.

If flame is not detected during the trial for ignition period, the valve will be shut off. The control will go into lockout, flashing the LED until the call for heat ends, removing power.

Table 1: LED Indications During Normal Operation

Flash Code	Flash Code Indication
Steady On	Flame detected, burner on
.50 Second On .50 Second Off	Prepurge period
.10 Second On .10 Second Off	Trial time, spark on
.25 Second On 1.0 Second Off	Trial time

Troubleshooting

If the system does not function properly, determine the cause using the procedures in this section.

Before proceeding with troubleshooting the system, check the following.

Preliminary Checks

- Are you using resistive wire between the module spark (10) and the pilot connection?
- Are all mechanical and electrical connections tight?
- Is the system wired and ground correctly?
- Is gas inlet pressure per manufacturer's specifications?
- Is the system powered?
- Is the thermostat calling for heat?



WARNING: Risk of Personal Injury. Do not place face, hands, or other parts of the body in or near the burner area when the LED is flashing (recycle mode). When the LED is flashing, the control may at any time (while in the recycle mode) re-energize the burner control system and ignite the burner which may result in electric shock from contact with the electrode or severe burn injury from firing of the burner.

LED Error Indications

If the control module's internal diagnostics detect a fault it will go into lockout. Spark and both valves will be turned off. The LED will flash an error code .25 seconds on and .25 seconds off for each count of the error code with 1 second off between codes. The control will remain in this condition until power is removed by turning off the call

for heat. A flashing LED error code indicates either a problem with wiring, or a component not working, or the control module is faulty. Try to cycle the control again. If the error repeats then see Table 2 for troubleshooting.

Table 2: LED Error Indications

Flash Code	Flash Code Description	Troubleshooting Guide
No LED "ON"	No Power	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check for 24 volts on terminal 6 (24V) and terminal 5 (GND). 2. Check for 24 volts on the secondary coil of the incoming transformer.
1	No flame in trial time	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the gas is turned "ON". 2. Check for 24 volts on terminal 6 (24V) and terminal 5 (GND). 3. If no spark, check spark wire and connection to terminal 10 (SPARK) and spark ground terminal 4 (GND BURNER). 4. Check if valve is wired to terminal 3 (VALVE) and common is wired to terminal 2 (VALVE COM). 5. Check for 24 volts at Valve's coil.
2	Flame sense circuit error	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check Flame Sensor tip is in the flame. For proper sensing the rod tip must be 3/8" (10mm) to 1/2" (13 mm) in the flame. 2. Check Flame Sensor circuits; <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2.1. For 1 Rod Flame Sense circuit, check Spark/Flame Sensor is wired to terminal 10 (SPARK) and terminal 4 (GND BURNER). 2.2. For 2 Rod Flame Sense circuit, check Flame Sensor is wired to terminal 8 (SENSE) and terminal 4 (GND BURNER).
3	Valve circuit error	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check for 24 volts on terminal 3 (VALVE) and terminal 2 (VALVE COM). 2. Check if valve is wired to terminal 3 (VALVE) and common is wired to terminal 2 (VALVE COM). 3. Check for 24 volts at the Valve's coil.
5	Internal Control error	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Review all ground connections. 2. Check if using fiber core resistive wire for Spark Wire.
6 to 9	Internal Control error	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Software error – Restart control module.

NOTE: If Troubleshooting Guide has been used, and the Control Module is flashing an ERROR CODE, then the Control Module may be faulty. Replace the Control Module.

Note: If the thermostat opens, the control will turn off valve and returns to the idle state.

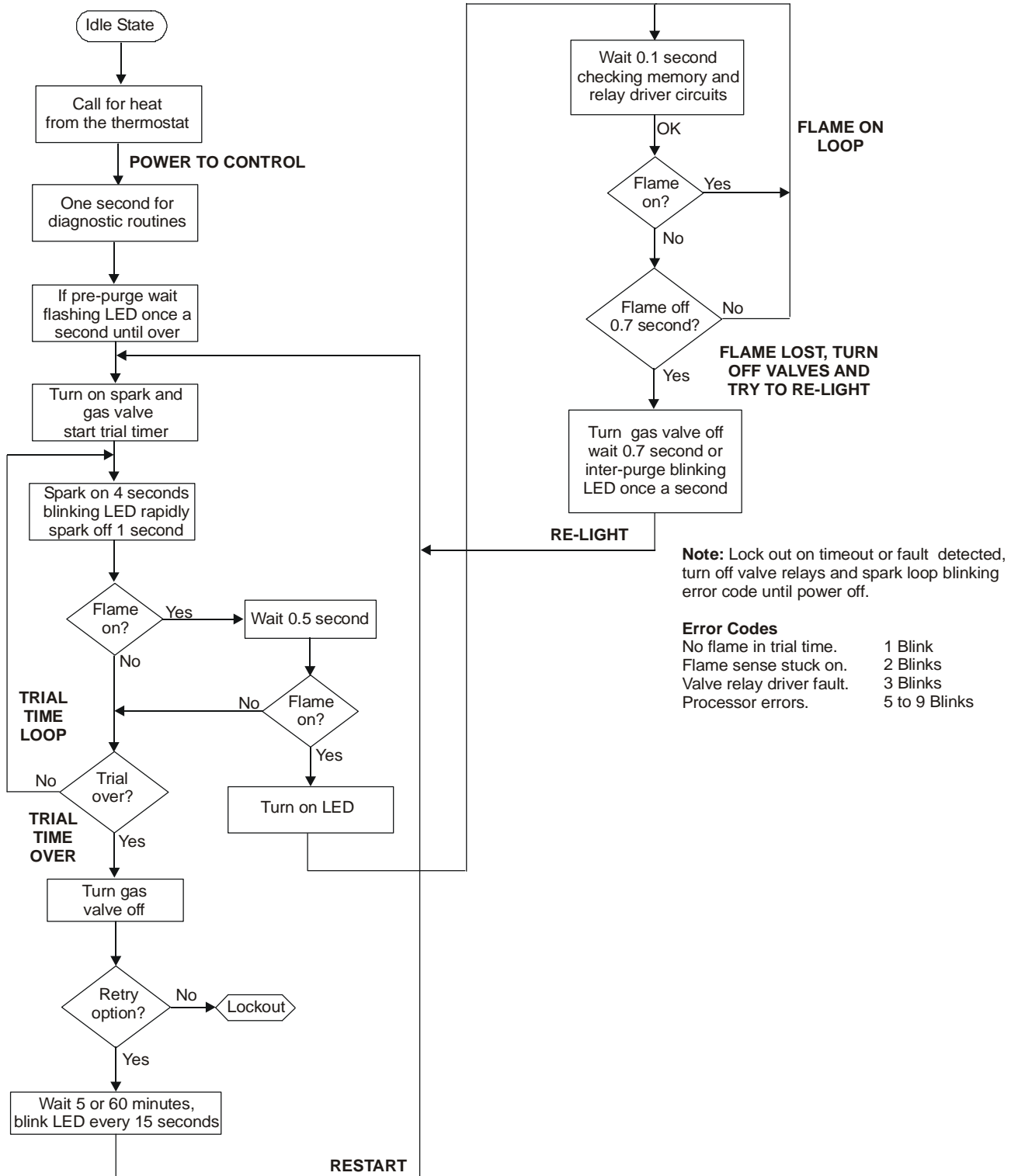


Figure 3: Sequence of Operation

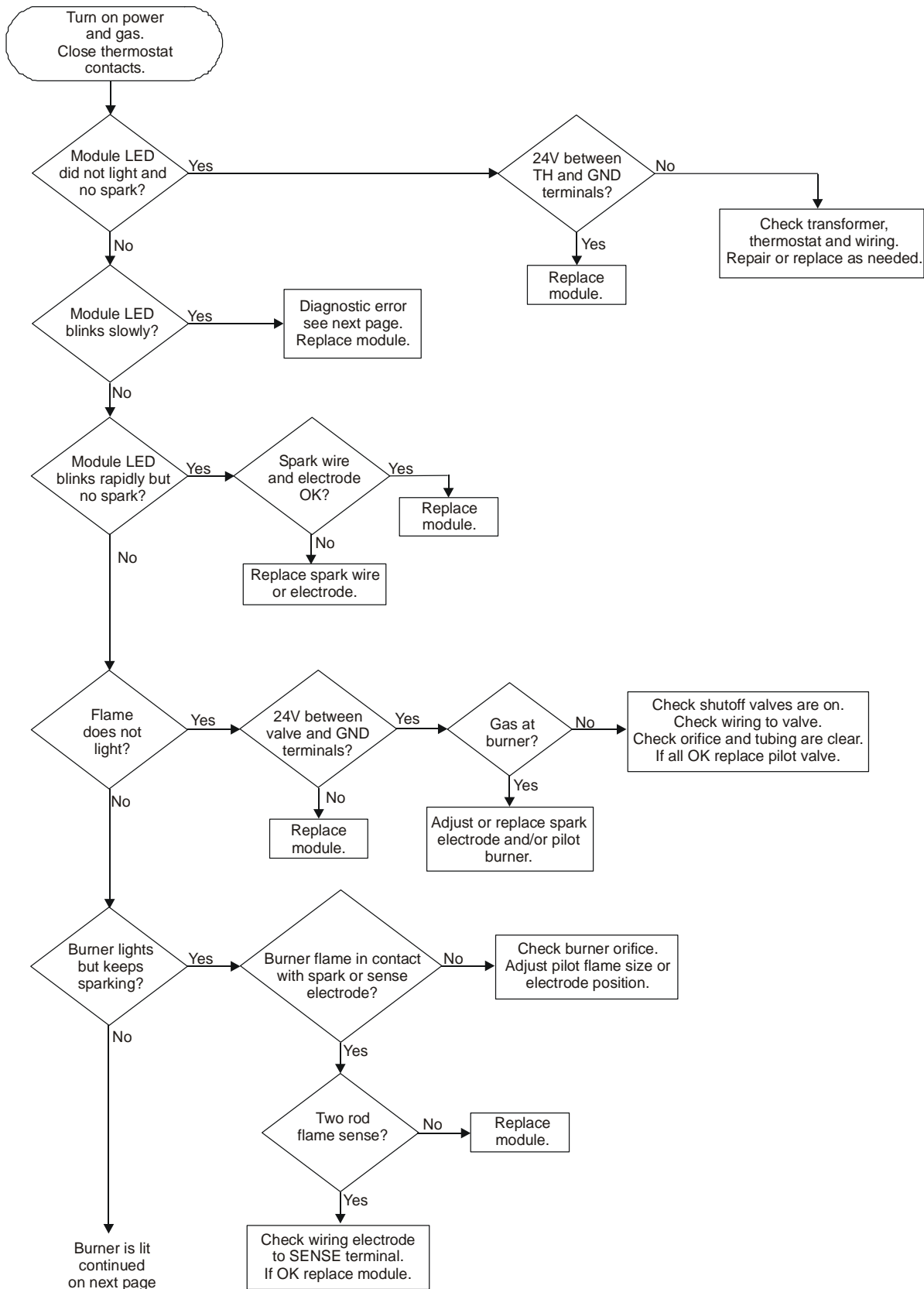


Figure 4: Troubleshooting Flow Chart (1 of 2)

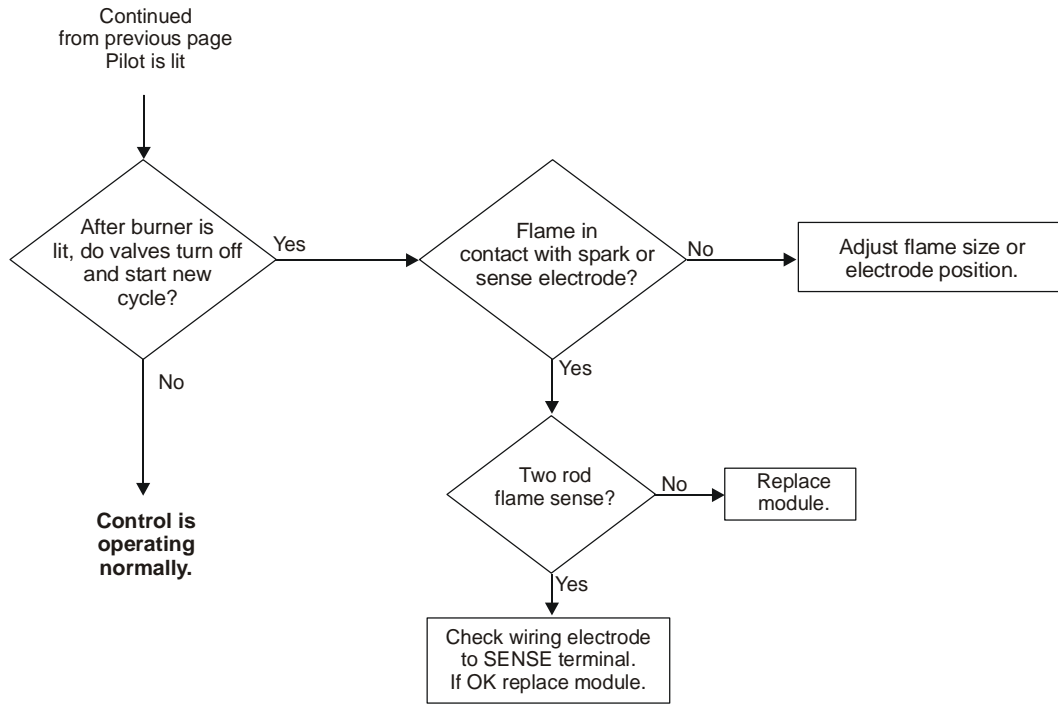


Figure 5: Troubleshooting Flow Chart (2 of 2)

Maintenance Requirements in Severe Environments

Regular preventive maintenance is important in any application, but especially so in commercial cooking, agricultural, and industrial applications because:

- In many such applications, particularly commercial cooking, the equipment operates 100,000 to 200,000 cycles per year. Such heavy cycling can wear out the gas control in one to two years. A normal forced air furnace, for which the controls were originally intended, typically operates less than 20,000 cycles per year.
- Exposure to water, dirt, chemicals, and heat can damage the ignition control module or the gas control and shut down the control system. A NEMA 4 enclosure can reduce exposure to environmental contaminants.



WARNING: Risk of Explosion or Fire. Do not attempt to take the ignition control module apart or to clean it. Improper reassembly and cleaning may cause unreliable operation, which can lead to an explosion or fire, and may result in severe injury, property damage or death.

Maintenance frequency must be determined individually for each application. Some considerations are:

- Cycling Frequency – Appliances that may cycle more than 20,000 times annually should be checked monthly.
- Direct Spark Use – Appliances that are used seasonally should be checked before shutdown and again before the next use.
- Consequence of Unexpected Shutdown – Where the cost of an unexpected shutdown would be high, the system should be checked more often.
- Dust, Wet, or Corrosive Environment – Since these environments can cause the controls to deteriorate more rapidly, the system should be checked more often.

Repairs and Replacement



CAUTION: Risk of Electric Shock.

Disconnect power supply before making electrical connections to avoid electric shock.



WARNING: Risk of Explosion or Fire.

Shut off the gas supply at the main manual shutoff valve before installing or servicing the control. Failure to shut off the gas supply can result in the release of gas during installation or servicing, which can lead to an explosion or fire, and may result in severe injury or death.



WARNING: Risk of Explosion, Fire, or Electric Shock. Label all wires before they are disconnected when replacing or servicing the BG1600M. Wiring errors can cause improper or dangerous operation and may result in an explosion, fire, or electric shock leading to severe personal injury or death.

Field repairs must not be made to the BG1100M control. Any attempt to repair this assembly voids the manufacturer's warranty. For a replacement control, contact the original equipment manufacturer or the nearest BASO Gas Products distributor.

All other accessories, such as flame sensors, electrode assemblies, pilot assemblies, and leads can be obtained through the original equipment manufacturer or a BASO Gas Products distributor.

Table 3: Ignition Control Accessories

Part Number	Description
RAA1600A-601D	Rajah to 1/4" Spade Adapter (box of 50)
RAA1600A-601H	Rajah to 1/4" Spade Adapter (bag of 10)
WHA40A-600D	18" Resistive Wire Harness with (2) 1/4" Terminals (box of 25)
WHA40A-600H	18" Resistive Wire Harness with (2) 1/4" Terminals (bag of 1)
WHA40A-601D	18" Resistive Wire Harness with (1) 1/4" Terminal and 1 Rajah Terminal (box of 25)
WHA40A-601H	18" Resistive Wire Harness with (1) 1/4" Terminal and 1 Rajah Terminal (bag of 1)
WHA40A-602D	24" Resistive Wire Harness with (2) 1/4" Terminals (box of 25)
WHA40A-602H	24" Resistive Wire Harness with (2) 1/4" Terminals (bag of 1)
WHA40A-603D	24" Resistive Wire Harness with (1) 1/4" Terminal and 1 Rajah Terminal (box of 25)
WHA40A-603H	24" Resistive Wire Harness with (1) 1/4" Terminal and 1 Rajah Terminal (bag of 1)
WHA40A-604D	36" Resistive Wire Harness with (2) 1/4" Terminals (box of 25)
WHA40A-604H	36" Resistive Wire Harness with (2) 1/4" Terminals (bag of 1)
WHA40A-605D	36" Resistive Wire Harness with (1) 1/4" Terminal and 1 Rajah Terminal (box of 25)
WHA40A-605H	36" Resistive Wire Harness with (1) 1/4" Terminal and 1 Rajah Terminal (bag of 1)
WHA40A-606D	48" Resistive Wire Harness with (2) 1/4" Terminals (box of 25)
WHA40A-606H	48" Resistive Wire Harness with (2) 1/4" Terminals (bag of 1)
WHA40A-607D	48" Resistive Wire Harness with (1) 1/4" Terminal and 1 Rajah Terminal (box of 25)
WHA40A-607H	48" Resistive Wire Harness with (1) 1/4" Terminal and 1 Rajah Terminal (bag of 1)

Notes

Notes

Notes

Technical Specification

Product	BG1100M Direct Spark Ignition Control	
Ignition Type	Direct	
Ignition Source	High voltage spark, capacitive discharge	
High Voltage Cable Maximum Length	48 in. (1,220 mm) (Resistive wire only, rated for at least 15kV.)	
Flame Sense Cable Maximum Length	48 in. (1,220 mm)	
Flame Detection Means	Flame Rectification	
Flame Detection Type	Local or Remote	
Minimum Flame Current	0.15 microamperes	
Flame Failure Response Time	2 second maximum	
Maximum Spark Gap	0.2 in. (5.1 mm)	
Number of Trials Before 100% Shutoff	One or Three	
Trial-for-Ignition Time	infinite, 4, 5, 8, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 50, 60, 85, 90 or 120 seconds	
Prepurge Time	none, 4, 8, 10, 15, 30, 45, 60 seconds or 4 minutes	
Inter-Purge Time	none, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 60 seconds or 4 minutes	
Automatic Recycle Delay Period	None 5 minutes 60 minutes	
Power Requirements	Control:	24 VAC (+/- 20%), 50/60 Hz
	Operation Current:	0.2 A nominal + valves
Contact Rating	Valve:	2 A maximum
Wiring Connections	1/4 in. (6.35 mm) male spade	
Maximum Firing Rate	400,000 Btu/hr (117 kW)	
Ambient Operating and Storage Temperature	-40 to 170°F (-40 to 77°C)	
Humidity	95% RH noncondensing	
Type of Gas	Natural, Liquefied Petroleum (LP), Manufactured, Mixed or LP Gas-Air Mixture	
Packaging	Bulk pack supplied to original equipment manufacturer (individual pack optional)	
Bulk Pack Quantity	25	
Pack Weight	14 lb (6.36 kg)	
Agency Listing	CSA Certificate Number 246569-2161442	
Specifications Standards	ANSI Standard Z21.20 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 199	

The performance specifications are nominal and conform to acceptable industry standards. All agency certification of BASO products is performed under dry and controlled indoor environmental conditions. Use of BASO products beyond these conditions is not recommended and may void the warranty. If the product is exposed to water (dripping, spraying, rain, etc.) or other harsh environments, it must be protected. The original equipment manufacturer or end user is responsible for the correct application of BASO products. For questionable applications, please consult BASO Gas Products LLC. BASO Gas Products LLC shall not be liable for damages or product malfunctions resulting from misapplication or misuse of its products. Notes